December 50, 1915.

IN HE INVESTIGATION OF AN ACCIDING MICH OCCUPRED ON THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD, AT LEMBEURG, ILL., DECEMBER 5, 1915.

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On December 5, 1915, there was a head-end collision between two passenger trains on the Illinois Central Hailroad at Lenzburg, Ill., which resulted in the death of 1 employee and the injury of 5 employees and 65 passenger. After investigation of this accident the Chief of the Division of Safety reports as follows:

Northbound train No. 224 consisted of one combination car and three coaches, hauled by locomotive 1024, on route from Carbondale, Ill., to St. Louis, Mo., and was in charge of Conductor Filder and Inginemen Krewson. At Pinckneyville the crew in charge received an order to meet southbound train No. 200 at Lenzburg. On arrival at Lensburg the crew received a telephone message from the dispatcher authorizing them to pull sheed and back in on the passing track, thus allowing train No. 205, which was a few minutes late, to hold the main line. After completing the station work, the train pulled cheet to clear the north passing track ewitch, which was unlooked and opened by Train Forter Clarkson. The brain then backed in on the passing track, cleared the sain track and stopped . bout 160 feet from the switch at about 8:57 a.m. The train porter then closed the switch. but did not look it. and walked back to longmotive 1024 while waiting for train No. 205 to errive. The train had been standing for a few minutes when train No. 205 approached, and the train porter returned to the switch, opening is just before the locenotive hauling train No. -

205 reached it, ellowing train No. 205 to enter the passing track and collide with train No. 224, the collision occurring at about 9:02 a.m.

Southbound train No. 205, on route from St. Louis, No. to Memphis, Team, consisted of one baggage car, one meil car and three complex, harded by locomotive 1044, and was in charge of Conductor Blancy and Engineman Pope. At Belleville the crew received the order directing them to meet train No. 236 at Lenzburg. The train left New Athens, 4.5 miles from Lenzburg, at 8:56 a.m., and collided with train No. 234 at Lenzburg while running at a speed estimated to have been about 10 or 25 miles per hour.

Train No. 224 was driven backwards a distance of about 190 feet by the force of the collision, locamotive 1924 and the combination our being partially devailed. Locamotive 1944, of train No. 205, was devailed, the tender being badly dangged and the fireman killed. The meil and baggage care remained on the track, while the third and fourth cars were devailed, together with the forward tracks of the last car.

This part of the Illinois Central Railroad is a single track line, and train movements are protected by an automatic block signal system. Train orders are bandled by telephone. Approaching Lemzburg from the north there is an automatic signal within a few feet of the switch stand at the north passing track switch, with another automatic signal located 2004 feet north thereof. The track is straight in each direction for more than one mile, and approaching the station there is a slight ascending grade for southbound trains. The weather was clear.

Enginemen Pope, of train No. 200, stated that approaching Lenzburg, the automatic block signals were in the clear position. He first noticed Train Forter Clarkson walking toward the switch when this lecomotive was about 40 or 50 feet from it, and he stated that suddenly the porter ran to the switch and opened it. He thought he reversed his locametive, but was not sure, and then started for the gangway in order to get off, but did not have time to do so before the collision occurred. He stated that he did not apply the brakes, saying that he did not think that he could second lish anything by doing so.

conductor Blaney, of train No. 205, stated that the switch was half open when he pass dit on getting out of the train after the accident, while flagmen Trapmell stated that when he got off the forward end of the rear oar when going back to flag following trains he noticed that the switch was partially eyen, and saw Train Porter Clarkson running every from the switch. He stated, however, that he looked at the switch target, but did not look at the switch lever to see whether or not it was down ever the hear, neither did he look at the switch points. When he returned to the switch shortly afterwards he found it lined for the passing track.

Engineers Krewson, of a sin No. 284, stated that after backing his train in on the passing track he saw that the switch was closed by the porter, who then walked back to the locamotive. He stated that he and the firemen were standing on the left side of the locamotive when he saw train No. 205 approaching. He then started to board the locamotive and had glimed about three steps when he heard the firemen call. He did not know what he said, and

the collision occurred as he looked around to see what the fireman wanted. He did not see any one open the switch.

switch after the train had backed in on the passing track. He and the enginemen then got off the locametive and the enginemen started to oil it, the train porter returning to the locametive at about this time. The firemen stated that he first sew train No. 205 when it was about two miles distant, and the train porter started to walk toward the switch, and then commenced to run. Firemen Hawk stated that in the meantime he and the enginemen had boarded the locametive, and on looking sheed he saw the train porter open the switch, train No. 205 at this time being about two car lengths from the switch. He called to the enginemen to jump, at the same time getting offend running to a place of safety.

close the switch after the train had backed in on the passing track. He did not know whether or not the parter looked the switch, but stated that he had frequently scationed the porter about look-ing switches after using them, and that he had last talked with him about this subject three or four days prior to the occurrence of the accident. After the accident he was talking with the train porter, and the latter stated that he heard something rattle, and then run for the switch, but denied that he opened it. He stated that he was not the first person to examine the switch, but said that when he did examine it, it seemed to be in good order in every way. The switch was open at this time, and the lever out of the socket and pulled part way around. He further stated that the track

in the vicinity of the switch was not torn up, and there was no indication that locomotive 1044 had been derailed prior to colliding with his train.

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Train Forter Clarkson stated that effer the train backed in on the passing track he closed the switch, and noticed that the switch point fitted tight against the rail, but stated that he did not look the switch. He then waiked back to the loopsetive of his train and listened to the conversation between the enginemen and fireman. Shortly after train No. 205 came in sight he started for the switch, and when about 10 feet from it the locomotive of train No. 205 passed the switch and entered the passing track. He then knew that something was wrong and ran down the exhaukment out of the way. He decided that he ran toward the switch at any time, or that he opened it just before train No. 208 passed it, stating that he had not even reached the switch when train No. 205 passed it. About 10 minutes after the conident he went back to the switch, and it this time several people were examining it and the switch target was turned partially around.

N. C. Chrissen, agent at Lenzburg, stated that the switch was closed after train No. 304 was clear of the main line. As train No. 205 approached he went out on the station platform, and on seeing the firemen of train No. 224 jump from the locomotive and run away from it, he looked toward train No. 205 and saw it enter the switch and collide with train No. 224. At this time the switch was open, and the switch target was red, indicating that the switch was open.

Roadmanter Bon! stated that, in company with five other

efficials of the railroad, he made a careful examination of the switch and found that the throat measured to inches. When the switch was closed the switch point was about one-fourth inch from the rail. He stated that the signal maintainer said that he had examined the switch the preceding day, and that an opening of one-quarter of an inch would operate the automatic signals. The road-master stated, however, that a cosob had been derailed on the switch time and dragged back through the switch, causing slight damage to it, and making the switch point stand open. If a man stood on the bridle rode the switch point would close tight against the rail.

Ing the morth passing track switch when train No. 205 was within a very short distance of the switch, allowing that train to enter the passing track and to collide with train No. 224. He admits that he did not lock the switch when he elected it after his train had backed in on the passing track, and although he denied having opened it as train No. 205 approached, the engineers of that train, and the firemen of train No. 224, state that they saw him run to the switch and open it. The evidence further indicated that train No. 205 was not derailed until the collision occurred, and the switch therefore must have been opened in order to allow the train to enter the passing track.

Lenzburg is the regular meeting point of these two trains, it being the custom, when both are on time, for train No. 224 to hold the main line and for Train Porter Clarkson to open the switch for the purpose of allowing train No. 205 to enter the passing

track. He had been doing this for some time, and it is possible that when nearly to the switch be momentarily forget that his own train was on the passing track and ran to the switch and opened it to allow train No. 205 to enter the passing track, as it was the custom for it to do under ordinary conditions.

Frain Forter Clarkson had been employed as such since July, 1909, and had a clear record. He was thoroughly familiar with his duties, which embraced the giving of essistance in connection with the handling of the train, such as the picking up or setting out of ears, the handling of switches, etc., and he was considered by the other members of the crew of train No. 204 to be a reliable man.