In re Investigation of accident which occurred on the Illinois Central Railroad near Effinghem, Ill., on September 5, 1916.

On September 6, 1918, there was a head-end collision between two freight trains on the Illinois Central Reilroad near Affingham, Ill., which resulted in the death of one employee. After investigation of this accident the Chief of the Division of Sefety reports as follows:

This part of the Illinois Centrel Railroad is a single track line; trains are operated by time-table and train orders, the only block system in use affording protection for following movements. Approaching the point of accident from the south there is a surve of 7 degrees leading to the right, about 700 feet in length, a 3-degree curve to the left, 750 feet in length, followed by a 6-degree curve to the right and then 150 feet of tangent to the point of accident. Approaching from the north the track is tangent for about 1,500 feet. With the exception of short stretches of level track the grade is descending for northbound trains, varying from 1 to 2%. On account of hills covered with brush and trees, located just south of the point of accident, the vision of the engine crews of the two trains was obscured until they were within about 200 or 500 feet of each other.

Southbound extra 95% consisted of 87 cars and a caboose, in charge of Conductor Schoenberg and Engineers Dun-lep. At Newton, 25.85 miles from Effingham, the crew in charge received, among others, a copy of train order No. 41, reading as follows:

"No. three fifty six 356 Eng. 917 meet extra 952 south at Effingham."

The train left Newton at 5.25 p.m., passed Dieterich, the last open telegraph office, 10.6 miles from Effingham, at 6.25 p.m., and at about 7.00 p.m. collided with train No. 356 at a point about three-quarters of a mile north of Effinsham.

Northbound train No. 356 consisted of 35 ears and a caboose, hauled by locomotive 917, and was in charge of Conductor Herris and Engineman Clayton. It arrived at Effingham at about 6.20 p.r., at which point seven train orders were received, among them train order No. 38, reading as follows:

"Extra 952 south has right over No. three fifty six 356 Eng. 917 Newton to Wheeler."

The crew also received a copy of train order No. 41, which pro-

vided that train No. 356 would neet extra 952 at Effinghem, this order having the effect of superseding train order No. 38. Train No. 386 left Effinghem at 6.55 p.m., and collided with extra 952 while running at a speed of about 25 miles an hour.

Both locomotives were quite badly demaged, but remained upright, while several cars in train No. 356 were destroyed.

Conductor Harris, of train No. 256, stated that when his train arrived at Effinghem at 6.26 p.m. he was in a hurry to reach his home in Palestine, 54 miles from Effinghem, before he had been on duty 16 hours, in order to avoid being tied up at some point on the road, the 16-hour limit expiring at 10.45 p.m. Coal and water were taken at Effinghem and two cars were set out. He stated that when he went for his orders he read them over as fast as he could, sinned them and returned them to the operator for the purpose of having them made complete. He registered and them the operator gave him a message reading as follows:

"If nocessary, reduce train so as to make Palestine for 307."

Train No. 303 is a southbound passenger truin due to leave Palestine at 9.32 p.m. After getting this message he put the register check on it, instead of using blanks which are provided for the purpose. Conductor Harris stated that the only trains he was thinking about meeting were trains Nos. 967 and He also said that if he read trein order No. 41, and he was sure he did, he wad it as providing for his train to reet train No. 992 instead of extra 962, and the register showed that train No. 992, as well as train No. 967, had arrived at Effingham several hours previously. After getting his orders complete he ran back to the locomotive, boarded it. and said: "Lot's go." He then handed the orders to the engineman, who started the train. The enginemen then read the orders to himself, also the register check, and then got up on the seatbox and remarked that extra 952 had the right to the track to Wheeler over their train. He stated that both he and the enginemen were uncertain as to their orders and the engineman told him to get out the orders and make certain, and he read train order No. 38, which provided that extra 952 had rights over train No. 356 from Newton to Wheeler. At that moment Engineeran Clayton applied the air brakes in emergency, and Conductor Harris stated that he looked ahead, saw the approaching train and jumped from the locomotive. Conductor Harris further stated that when he read over his orders in the telegraph office he read them very rapidly and did not know whether or not the operator was able to understand him, and the only explanation he had to offer for the occurrence of this acdident was that he was in a hurry and overlooked extra 95%.

Engineean Clayton stated that when ready to leave lffingham the conductor gave a proceed signal from the front of the locomotive, and he at once started to work steam. The conductor boarded the locomotive and handed to him a number of orders, and he shut off steam and got down on the deak of the locomptive to read the orders and examine the register check. He reed the order to meet extra 952 at Liffingham, while the register check showed that trains Nos. 967 and 992 had arrived. He stated that there was a complicated lot of orders, some of which had expired, and they were not as clear as they should have been, and he asked the conductor to read them back to him. He then asked the confuctor about the meet with extra 952 at Effinghem, and olsimed that the conductor told him that extra 952 had been not at Edgewood. Engineran Clayton stated that he know that he had not an extra at that point and that it was hauled by a locomotive or the "900" class, but did not see its number. Engineean Clayton also stated that he sew extra 952 when it was about 25 car lengths distant, at which time the speed of his train was between 20 and 25 miles an hour. He miso said that he was sure he read the orders to the conductor, our that he did not give them to the fireman.

Head Brakeman Dimmitt, of train No. 356, stated that he was riding on the Left side of the locomotive, that he did not see the orders and did not hear what the engineers said when he was reading them. He said that he usually read the orders when the engineers and conductor were through with them, but that in this case they were discussing the orders as the train proceeded. His first information that a train had been overlooked was when he saw the headlight of extra 552.

This accident was caused by the crew of train No. 356 failing to obey train order No. 41 requiring their train to meet extra 95% at Effingham, for which Conductor Harris and Engineers Clayton are responsible. Conductor Harris stated that he was in a hurry, that he read the orders to the operator in a hurried manner and did not know whether or not the operator could understand him, that he checked the register and told the engineers to start the train, entirely overlooking the fact that his train should wait at bifingham for extra 95%. Conductor Harris is also at fault for his failure to have Engineers Clayton read the orders to him aloud before allowing the train to proceed. According to Engineers Clayton's statements, he inquired of the conductor concerning extra 95% after starting his train, and was told that it had passed their train at a preceding station, the conductor evidently having train No. 99%

on his mind instead of extra 952. Regardless of this fact, however, the register did not show that extra 952 had arrived at affinghou, and had he read over his orders to the conductor before starting, the conductor's error undoubtedly would have been discovered.

Conductor Harris entered the service is 1905 as a brakeman, and in 1906 was promoted to conductor. Engineers Clayton entered the service as a firemen in 1902, and in 1905 was promoted to engineers. The records of both of these men were seed.

Conductor Harris and Engineeran Clayton left Pelestine, an route to Centralia, at 1.38 a.m., and were off duty at Centralia for 5 hours and 15 minutes. The return triv from Contralia to Palestine was started et 1.45 p.m., so that at the two of secident these men had been or duty an aggregate of arout 12 hours.